

SUSTAINABLE POLYMER AND PROCESS CHEMISTRY (SMART)

- LM 71 Classe delle lauree magistrali in SCIENZE E TECNOLOGIE DELLA CHIMICA INDUSTRIALE
- NUMERO MASSIMO GESTIBILE: 25 posti (da ottenersi mediante opportuna selezione)

Davide Comoretto: Coordinatore_CCS_Chim_Ind@unige.it



SMART: NEW OPPORTUNITIES

SMART

- Original and Innovative MSc in the national and international framework.
- International Appeal (> 80 international applications without any promotion).
- Internazional training environment.
- Strongly connected to Civil Society and Industry.
- Complementary and not competing with Chemical Sciences and Science and Technology of Materials.
- Strong local scientific background, dedicated infrastructures and labs, following the tradition (Rossi 1952).
- Basckground for future developments (green industrial processes, environment management, functional polymers, water, formulations...).



SMART: THE HISTORICAL TRADITION



The Nobel Prize in Chemistry 1963 was awarded jointly to Karl Ziegler and <u>Giulio Natta</u>

"for their discoveries in the field of the chemistry and technology of high polymers"



http://www.nobelprize.org/nobel_prizes/chemistry/laureates/1963/

<u>Giulio Natta</u>

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- **1903:** Born in Porto Maurizio (Imperia, Italy)
- **1924**: Graduated in Industrial Engineering (Chemistry) at Polytechnic of Milan (Italy)
- **1925-1932:** Professor of **Analitical Chemistry** (Polytechnic of Milan)
- **1929-1933:** Professor of **Physical Chemistry** (University of Milan)
- **1933-1935**: Professor of **General Chemistry** (University of Pavia)
- **1935-1937**: Professor of **Physical Chemistry** (University of Rome)
- **1937-1938:** Professor of Industrial Chemistry (Politechnic of Turin)
- **1938-1973**: Professor of Industrial Chemistry (Polytechnic of Milan)

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SMART: THE HISTORICAL TRADITION

GIULIO NATTA: A MULTIDISCIPLINAR SCIENTIST

- Studies **sX-ray structures** (Freiburg, Hugo Seeman).
- Meets **H. Staudinger, Nobel 1953,** who invented the concept of **MACROMOLECULE**
- The chemistry of **carbon monoxide, of alcohols and formaldheyde** (C1 chemistry)

 $CO + 2H_2 \rightleftharpoons CH_3OH \quad (\Delta H_{RT} = -90,7 \ kJ/mol)$

• Forefront on the **high polymers chemistry**



Cellobiosio

• Furfurole and carbohydrates hydrogenation (glycerol iso-octane, hydrogen from methane ...)



Syndiotactic Polymer

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SMART: THE HISTORICAL TRADITION





sixties

The Nobel Prize in Chemistry 1963 Chemistry Proce Karl Ziegler Giulio Natta Prize in Economic Share this

in

(FA) (🕑

Giulio Natta

Facts <u>https://www.giulionatta.it/ENG/archivio.html</u> -https://www.nobelprize.org/prizes/chemistry/1963/natta/facts/



Giulio Natta The Nobel Prize in Chemistry 1963

Born: 26 February 1903, Imperia, Italy

Died: 2 May 1979, Bergamo, Italy

Affiliation at the time of the award: Institute of Technology, Milan, Italy

Prize motivation: "for their discoveries in the field of the chemistry and technology of high polymers"

Photo from the Nobel Foundation archive.

Prize share: 1/2

• now

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SMART: PLASTICS MANAGEMENT





- Nature Communications 8, 15611 (2017)
- Nature Communications 9, 2157 (2018)
- Scientific Reports volume 8, 4666 (2018)

SMART: PLASTICS MANAGEMENT

Plastic Contamination of the Environment: Sources, Fate, Effects, and Solutions





- "...five countries—China, Indonesia, the Philippines, Sri Lanka, and Vietnam—contribute more than half of ocean plastics...
- ...Improve waste infrastructure (and knowledge) in these places, and significantly less plastic will escape into the ocean overall."

https://www.acs.org/content/dam/acsorg/membership/acs/benefits/discovery-reports/plastics.pdf Bourzac, K. "Floods can flush microplastic pollution from rivers into the sea." Chem. Eng. News, 2018, 96(12); 5.

SMART: PLASTICS MANAGEMENT

• Post-consumer plastic waste management in 2020 (EU27+3)

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SMART: GLASS – ALUMINUM UPCYCLING

- Inorganic Materials Upcycling: ALUMINUM
- ...The recycling of aluminium scrap today utilizing a **REMELTING TECHNIQUE DOWNGRADES THE QUALITY OF THE ALUMINIUM**, and the final sink of this downgraded recycled aluminium is aluminium casting alloy.
- To meet the demand for HIGH-GRADE ALUMINIUM in the future, a NEW ALUMINIUM RECYCLING METHOD CAPABLE OF UPGRADING SCRAP TO A LEVEL SIMILAR TO THAT OF PRIMARY ALUMINIUM IS REQUIRED....









SMART: GLASS UPCYCLING



• Alternative Recycling of Mixed Waste: Biological recycling of beverage cartons packaging waste



K. Kremser et al. 2022, Res.Cons. Rec., 185, 106444

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Periodic table view on raw materials availability: URBAN MINING •



Read Support Notes and play the video game http://bit.ly/euchems-pt



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• Urban Mining and NOBLE AND PRECIOUS WASTE



• Without government subsidies, the urban mining of precious metals like copper and gold is financially competitive to mining fresh minerals the old-fashioned way.



https://www.alphr.com/environment/1008974/urban-mining-makes-financial-sense/

_Environ. Sci. Technol. 2018, 52, 8, 4835-4841



• Critical Raw Materials for EU: IMPORT GEOGRAPHICAL DEPENDENCE



- LREE have in common increasing unpaired electrons. LREE include the atomic number 57 through 64.
- HREE have paired electrons (a clockwise and counter-clockwise spinning electron). HREE include the atomic number 65 through 71 plus number 39.
- Scandium (Sc number 21) forms a group in itself as its properties cannot be classified as either a LREE or HREE.

European Commission, Directorate-General for Internal Market, Industry, Entrepreneurship and SMEs, Grohol, M., Veeh, C., Study on the critical raw materials for the EU 2023 – Final report, Publications Office of the European Union, 2023, https://data.europa.eu/doi/10.2873/725585

SMART: INORGANIC MATERIALS UPCYCLING

• URBAN MINING: RAEE

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- Replacing primary metal with secondary metal allows for CO₂ savings of between 29-96%, depending on the waste stream and its complexity.
- Recycling also prevents the need for new mining, saving resources and avoiding the environmental impacts associated with extraction.



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SMART: INORGANIC MATERIALS UPCYCLING

• URBAN MINING: RAEE

- The EU is at the forefront of the circular economy and has already increased its use of secondary raw materials.
- More than 50% of some metals such as iron, zinc, or platinum are recycled and they cover more than 25% of the EU's consumption.
- For others, however, especially those needed in renewable energy technologies or high-tech applications such as RARE EARTHS, GALLIUM, or INDIUM, secondary production makes only a marginal contribution.



https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Electronic_waste https://www.cdcraee.it/ https://op.europa.eu/en/publication-detail/-/publication/57318397-fdd4-11ed-a05c-01aa75ed71a1



SMART: THE CORE BUSINESS

- Huge problem to solve: A DEEP FUNDAMENTAL KNOWLEDGE ON CHEMISTRY AND CHEMICAL PROCESSES IS REQUIRED.
- SMART FOCUSES ON SUSTAINBILITY, UPCYCLING AND AND CIRCULAR ECONOMY FOR MATERIALS AND CHEMICAL PROCESS MANAGEMENT



EU CIRCULAR ECONOMY ACTION PLAN GOALS:

• 70% of packaging waste within 2030

TARGETS FOR DIFFERENT MATERIALS:

- 30% wood,
- 55% plastics
- 60% alluminum
- 75% glass
- 80% ferrous materials
- 85% paper
- **65%** urban waste (witihn 2035)
- F. Galletti, PLAST2023, 06.09.2023 To landfill <10% within 2035

SMART: PLASTICS MANAGEMENT

- The Italian plastics supply chain employs around 180,000 employees
- With a 12 share of total employment in the EU, Italy ranks second among the European Big 5 ٠
- Italy ranks 2nd in the EU in terms of value added by plastics •

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The Italian plastics supply chain shows high growth rates in the recycling phase and in bioplastics



Economical impact generated by investments in plastics (ECONOMICAL multiplier: 3,18)





MANIFESTO SMART: COMPULSORY

1° Year (52 credits)

2° Year (68 credits)

Code	Descriptive Title	SSD	Type/Area	Teacher	Code	Descriptive Title	SSD	Type/Area	Teacher
114426	OTHER TRAINING ACTIVITIES 1		2 CFU	PhysMatCompSci RECAP	114439	SYNTHESIS AND INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION OF POLYMERS	CHIM/04	9 CFU CAR (6t+3p)	<u>Monticelli Orietta</u> <u>Vicini Silvia</u>
114427	INDUSTRIAL CHEMISTRY	CHIM/04	8 CFU CAR	<u>Comoretto Davide</u> <u>Castellano Maila</u>	114441	ECO-DESIGN OF MATERIALS AND SUSTAINABLE TECHNOLOGIES	CHIM/03 CHIM/06	5 CFU AFF/INT (4t+1p)	<u>Colombara Diego</u> Pellis Alessandro
114449	UNIT OPERATIONS, REACTOR ENGINEERING AND CHEMICAL TECHNOLOGIES	ING- IND/25 CHIM/04	10 CFU CAR	<u>Servida Alberto</u> <u>Comite Antonio</u> <u>Monticelli Orietta</u>	114440	SUSTAINABLE DESIGN & RECYCLING OF INORGANIC MATERIALS	CHIM/02	5 CFU CAR (4t+1p)	<u>Peddis Davide</u>
80198	ECONOMY AND MANAGEMENT OF PRODUCTIVE PROCESSES	ING- IND/26	6 CFU AFF/INT (5t+1p)	<u>Vocciante Marco</u>	114444	CIRCULAR ECONOMY PROCESSES FOR PLASTICS AND THE ENVIRONMENT	CHIM/04	6 CFU CAR (5t+1p)	<u>Lova Paola</u>
114422	PRINCIPLES OF POLYMER SCIENCE	CHIM/04	8 CFU CAR (4t+4p)	<u>Comoretto Davide</u> Dario Cavallo	NA	OPTIONAL COURSE		6 CFU OPT (5p+1t)	
61837	THEORY OF INDUSTRIAL CHEMICAL PROCESS DEVELOPMENT	ING- IND/26	6 CFU CAR	<u>Reverberi Andrea</u>	114448	FOCUS GROUP		2 CFU OPTIONAL	Student seminars on topics of their choice in line with the training project (soft skills, flipped classroom, focus group)
66402	<u>CHEMISTRY AND</u> TECHNOLOGY OF CATALYSIS + LABORATORY	CHIM/04	6 CFU CAR (4t+2p)	<u>Comite Antonio</u>	114445	OTHER TRAINING ACTIVITIES 2 (intellectual properties and patenting)		1 CFU	SEMINARS
NA	OPTIONAL COURSE	CHIM/04	6 CFU AFF/INT (5t+1p)		114446	OTHER TRAINING			Advanced English /
					100274	ACTIVITIES 3-4		3 CFU	Italian for Foreigners
Uni Ge DCCI					114447	FINAL EXAM		31 CFU	



MANIFESTO SMART: OPTIONAL CLASSES

Optional courses

Code	Descriptive Title	SSD	Type/Area	Teacher
111302	CARBON DIOXIDE CAPTURE, UTILIZATION, AND STORAGE	CHIM/04	5t+1p CFU AFF/INT	<u>Pagliero Marcello</u> <u>Antonio Comite</u>
111303	MEMBRANE SEPARATION TECHNOLOGY	CHIM/04	5t+1p CFU	<u>Pagliero Marcello</u> <u>Antonio Comite</u>
114428	POLYMER MANUFACTURING: FROM CLASSICAL PROCESSING TO 3D PRINTING	CHIM/04	5t+1p CFU AFF/INT	<u>Cavallo Dario</u> Lova Paola
114435	PROPERTIES OF POLYMER-BASED MATERIALS, BIOMATERIALS AND COMPOSITES	CHIM/04	5t+1p CFU AFF/INT	<u>Castellano Maila</u> <u>Alloisio Marina</u>
94802	POLYMERS FOR ELECTRONICS AND ENERGY HARVESTING	CHIM/04	5t+1p CFU AFF/INT	<u>Comoretto Davide</u>
114432	SPECTROSCOPY FOR PROCESS ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES (PAT)	CHIM/04 ING- IND/25	5t+1p CFU AFF/INT	<u>Comoretto Davide</u> <u>Servida Alberto</u>



CURRICULAR REQUIREMENTS:

- at least 50 credit points (CFU) or equivalent knowledge in the scientific subject areas (SSD) CHIM/01-12 and/or ING-IND/21-27;
- at least 15 CFU or equivalent knowledge in the SSD MAT/01-09, FIS/01-08 and INF/01;
- of the total of 15 CFU, at least 6 CFU must be in the SSD MAT/01-09 and at least 6 CFU in the SSD FIS/01-08.

INDIVIDUAL REQUIREMENTS:

- Italian diploma or a degree considered equivalent with a final grade of at least 90/110.
- In all other cases, applicants must take a test in the form of a public/telematic interview or a written test.



- Knowledge of the English language, including specialized lexicons, at level B2 or higher is required.
- In the absence of such a certificate, by passing the B2 test offered by the Department for the Development of Language Skills at the University of Genoa.
- The language proficiency requirement is also **considered fulfilled if the applicant has a degree in English,** attested by an official document or a letter from the university that awarded the degree stating that the course of study was conducted entirely in English.
- If none of the above conditions are met, language proficiency must be determined by the relevant examination board as part of the personal preparatory examination.



SMART: LANGUAGE

• FIRST SEMESTER: 23/09/2024 - 24/01/2025.

- SECOND SEMESTER: 24/02/2025 13/06/2025.
- Some class depends on different MSc programs: Be careful to the following subjects:
- - Proprietà di polimeri e compositi a matrice polimerica
- - Polymers for Electronics and Energy Harvesting
- - Modeling the Optical Response of Polymer Films and Industrial Coatings
- - Modeling and Numerical Simulation of the Behavior of Materials in Process Industries

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• 31 CFU, \geq 6 months

















 To tackles SUSTAINABILITY and EFFICIENCY challenges MODERN SOCIETY imposes on the chemical industry in a RIGOROUS and RESPONSIBLE way.

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